UW-MADISON

THE EVOLUTION OF DISABILITY JUSTICE

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Introductions

Emmett: He/Him/His

Political Science

Sophomore

Elise: She/Her/Hers

Political Science & Sociology

Senior

Priyanka: She/Her/Hers

Physics & Theatre

Junior

Brelynn: She/Her/Hers

Community and Nonprofit Leadership

& Political Science

Junior

Acknowledgements

- We are here today as a result of the removal of the Ho-Chunk through government policies of settler colonialism and militarism including a continual relegation of indigenous peoples to the past.
- Disabled bodies and people of multidimensional and marginalized identities have and continue to contribute to settler colonial systems.

Accessibility Features and Disclosures

- This presentation features large, high contrast text.
- Speakers will use person-first and identity-first language interchangeably while referencing disabled people/people with disabilities.

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What are some words/phrases you associate with social movements?

*Social Movements

- Women's Suffrage
- Black Lives Matter
- #MeToo
- Abolitionists Movement
- Civil Rights Movement
- Chicano Movement
- Environmental Movement

- Labor Movement
- March for Our Lives
- Reproductive Justice Movement
- LGBT Movement
- Anti-War Movement
- Queer Liberation
- Disability Rights Movement

Ten Principals of Disability Justice (Sins Invalid)

- 1. Intersectionality
- 2. Leadership of those most impacted
- 3. Anti-capitalistic politic
- 4. Commitment to crossmovement organizing
- 5. Recognizing wholeness

- 6. Sustainability
- 7. Commitment to cross-disability solidarity
- 8. Interdependence
- 9. Collective Access
- 10. Collective Liberation

"I am not free while any [person] is unfree, even when [their] shackles are different than my own."

~Audre Lorde

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973

- Signed by President Nixon in 1973
 - Modeled on language from the 1964 Civil Rights Act
 - Explicitly outlawed discrimination from federally funded amenities or institutions based on disability status
 - But the language was broad -- given to the Department of Health, Education, Welfare (H.E.W.) for revisions and enactment
 - HEW secretary Joseph Califano worried about "unreasonable burden"



Image description: Joseph Califano is helped onto a raised platform by two assistants while he is barraged with questions about his inaction by 504 protesters.

April 1977: The 504 Sit-In



Image description: Judy Heumann, a white woman with glasses and chin-length hair, is sitting in a wheelchair and speaking into a microphone. A button reading "Sign 504" is on her left collar.

26-day occupation of the San Francisco regional office of the HEW

- On <u>April 5</u>, protesters all around the country occupy regional offices of the federal Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW)
- Most protests ended that day, except in San Francisco!
- Over a hundred protestors refused to leave until Califano signed regulations for Section 504 on <u>April 28</u>
- Longest non-violent occupation of a federal building in United States history

504 Sit-In: Not Just Disabled People



- Gay Liberation Movement
- Kitty Cone, key 504 protester and openly lesbian
- The Butterfly Brigade smuggled walkie-talkies past the FBI occupied HEW building
- Lesbian bar owner washed people's hair after the building's water was turned off
- Buttercup Restaurant, Brick Hut lesbian cooperative, and Glide Memorial Church donate dinner

Image description:

Kitty Cone, a white woman with shoulder-length hair and glasses, speaks to reporters with several microphones pointed at her.

504 Sit-in: Black Panther Involvement

- BPP provided food, medication, mobile showers
- Extensive coverage in *The* Black Panther newspaper
- Key Activists: Dennis Billups and Brad Lomax

Image description: two side-by-side photographs of *The Black Panther* newspaper. The article title reads: "Handicapped Win Demands – End H.E.W. Occupation" with sub-heading "Sub-heading: Pressure Forces Califano to Sign 504 Regulations"





"Lomax's Matrix: Disability, Solidarity, and the Black Power of 504" (Schweik, 2011)

Brad Lomax:

- A disabled member of the Black Panther Party
- Leader for the independent living movement
- Vital part of cross movement organizing between the Black Panther Pary and Disability Rights Movement in the Bay Area.



Image description: Brad Lomax siting next to Judy Heumann and speaking at a rally in 1977 at Lafayette Square in Washington.

Privilege & Stratification within the Disability Rights Movement

- <u>Cross-movement solidarity:</u> building alliances between social movements in order to better achieve political or social capital
- **Disability Rights movement:** mainly white-led
 - Enacted lateral ableism, racism, sexism, homophobia, etc.



Image description: Individuals using wheelchairs and one individual with dwarfism are in a street with a banner reading "Injustice Anywhere Is A Threat To Justice Everywhere – Martin Luther King Jr."

Disability in the Feminist Movement

- Early eugenics
 - Birth control and forced sterilization
- Rhetoric of female sex as a disability
 - Weak, feeble-minded
- Rosa May Billinghurst
 - Known as "the cripple suffragette"
- Sisters Against Disablement (SAD)
 - Boycotted the Lesbian Sex & Sexuality Conference in 1983 due to accessibility concerns
- Feminist Audio Books (FAB)
 - Recorded works of feminist literature onto tape for blind and visually impaired women

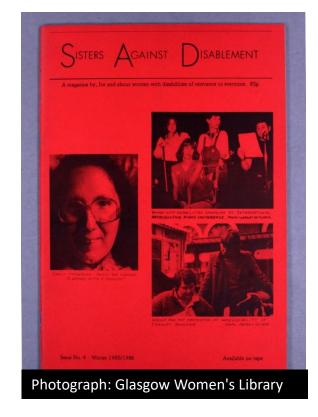


Image description: Cover of Issue No. 4 of Sisters Against Disablement, published in 1985. Three images are on the cover, likely featuring members of the group.

Disability in the Civil Rights Movement



Image description: handwritten sign that reads, "Sign 504 Now" with wheelchair symbol in place of the 0.

- Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - prohibited discrimination on the basis of race, religion, national origin, or gender, but not disability
- Discrimination against disabled individuals is not addressed until 1973, with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act
- Passage of the ADA in 1990

Disability in Queer Movements

- Queerness framed through a medical lens ("plague" or mental illness)
 - Conversion therapy
 - Queer individuals respond by pushing for a demedicalization of queer identity
- HIV/AIDS and Act Up
 - Gay male masculinity was defined by health and activeness
- Dykes, Disability, and Stuff newsletter (1988-2001)
 - Founded in Boston, MA and published in Madison, WI
 - Featured artwork, reader submissions, articles, poetry, and queer book reviews
 - Alternative formats available



Image description: The cover of Dykes, Disability, & Stuff Volume 1, Issue 3, published in 1988. The issue is titled "Where's our art?" and features several pieces of artwork, including the statue of liberty in a wheelchair and a wheelchair user holding a sword.

Disability in S.T.A.R.

- Marsha P. Johnson known for her role in the Stonewall Riots and one of the co-founders of S.T.A.R. - identified has having physical and psychiatric disabilities.
- S.T.A.R.'s politics centered Disability Justice
- S.T.A.R. was often in conflict with other parts of the Queer Liberation movement because of the focus other parts of the movement put on integration into capitalist society.

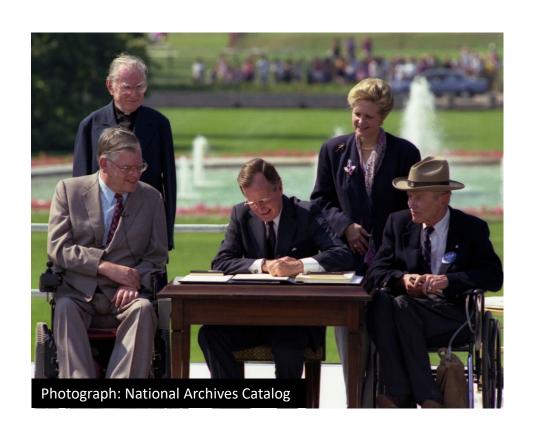


Image description: Marsha P Johnson and Sylvia Rivera

Disability in Social Welfare Movements

- Deinstitutionalization efforts since the 1970s have often had strained relationships with public employee unions.
- Mixed interactions between unions and disability activists relating to mask guidelines in the COVID-19 pandemic.
- In 2021 10.1% of all adult Americans with disabilities were unemployed.
- SSI Supplemental Security Income puts an asset cap of \$2,000 in assets for individuals and \$3,000 in assets for couples. This forces many disabled people into an artificial poverty.

The Centering of White, Cisgender, Heterosexual Voices



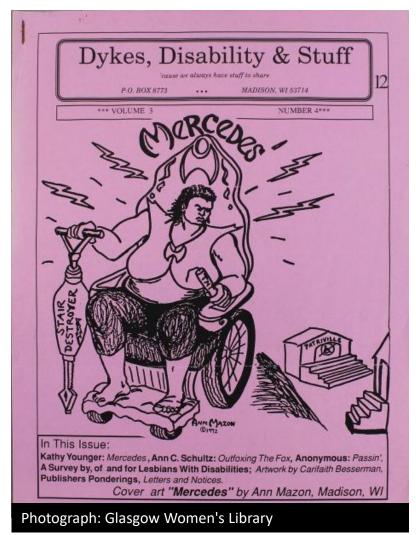
The disability rights movement, past and present has often used white cisgender, heterosexual voices to play into <u>respectability</u> politics.

Image description: George Bush sitting on the white house lawn with two white masculine-presenting individuals in wheelchairs, one standing white masculine-presenting individual and one white feminine-presenting individual.

Cross-Movement Organization in the UW-Madison Community

- Gay Purges at UW-Madison between 1948 and 1962
 - Relied heavily on ableist rhetoric of homosexuality as something that needed to be "cured."
- Dykes, Disability, & Stuff newsletter
 - Disability Pride Madison
- Spring 2022: TAA, BIPOC Student Coalition, MadNews, and disabled student activists worked together to voice opposition to the dropping of the mask mandate

Image description: The cover of Dykes, Disability, & Stuff Volume 3, Issue 4, published in 1992 in Madison, WI. It is titled "Mercedes" and features an illustration of a disabled person in a wheelchair holding a tool that says, "Stair Destroyer."



Looking Forward: Cross-Movement Organization at UW-Madison

- Students find spaces of identity and belonging through Registered Student Organizations and Cultural Centers housed under the Vice Chancellor of Student Affairs.
- While these spaces provide affinity spaces for students, they can also be limiting when students hold multiple identities.

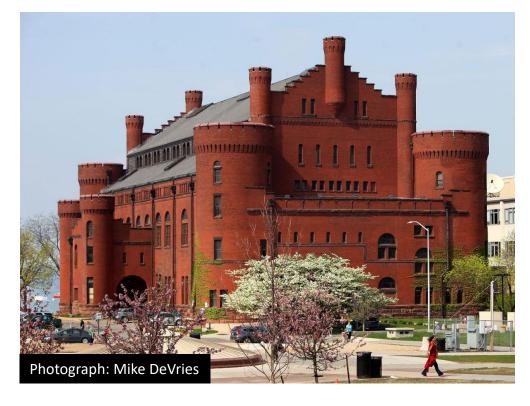


Image description: The Red Gym – a castle-like red brick building.



Recommended Resources

- Black Disability Politics by Sami Schalk
- "Autistic Hoya" blog by Lydia X.Z. Brown
- Care Work by Leah Lakshmi Piepzna-Samarasinha
- Being Heumann: An Unrepentant Memoir of a Disability Rights Activist by Judith Heumann
- The Heumann Perspective Podcast
- Skin, Tooth, and Bone: The Basis of Movement is Our People by Sins Invalid
- Sitting Pretty: The View From My Ordinary Resilient Disabled Body by Rebekah Taussig
- Disability Visibility Project: https://disabilityvisibilityproject.com/
 - Disability Visibility: First-Person Stories from the Twenty-First Century anthology
 - Resistance and Hope essays by disabled people

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